

**FRASER VALLEY REGIONAL DISTRICT**

**CONSOLIDATED SUB-REGIONAL ANIMAL CONTROL BYLAW**

**RECORD OF AMENDMENTS**

**Sub-Regional Animal Control**

<b>STATUTORY AUTHORITY</b>	<b>SUMMARY</b>	<b>DATE AUTHORIZED</b>
<b>FVRD BL 1140, 2011</b>	Service Area Establishment	2012.01.24
1206, 2013	Regulations Establishment	2013.11.26
1241, 2013	Amendment to Bylaw Offence Notice Enforcement Bylaw – addition of penalties for contravention of Bylaw 1206	2013.11.26
1287, 2014	Service Area Amendment – Addition of City of Abbotsford	2014.11.25
1298, 2014	Amendment to Regulations	2014.11.25
1323, 2015	Reserve Fund Establishment	2015.05.26
1335, 2015	Service Area Amendment – Addition of Kent, Harrison Hot Springs and Mission	2015.12.22
1351, 2015	Amendment to regulations	2015.12.22
1426, 2017	Amendment to regulations	2017.05.25
1527, 2019	Amendment to regulations	2019.06.25

**THIS BYLAW HAS BEEN CONSOLIDATED FOR CONVENIENCE ONLY  
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**FRASER VALLEY REGIONAL DISTRICT**

**BYLAW NO. 1206, 2013**

**To provide for the control of animals and licensing of dogs**

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**WHEREAS** a board may, by bylaw, regulate or prohibit the keeping of dogs or other animals, and may require persons who own, possess or harbour a dog to hold a license for the dog;

**AND WHEREAS** the Board of the Fraser Valley Regional District has, by bylaw, established a regulatory service for animal control;

**THEREFORE**, the Board of the Fraser Valley Regional District enacts as follows:

**A. CITATION**

This bylaw may be cited as the "Fraser Valley Regional District Animal Control Regulation Bylaw No. 1206, 2013".

**B. INTERPRETATION**

In this bylaw:

**"aggressive dog"** means a dog that meets any one or more of the following conditions:

- i. a dog that has, with or without provocation, attacked, bitten or caused injury to a person or has demonstrated a propensity, tendency or disposition to do so;
- ii. a dog that has bitten, killed, or caused injury to a domestic animal while in a public place, on limited common property, or while on private property other than property owned or occupied by the person responsible for the dog;
- iii. a dog that, while at large, has aggressively pursued or harassed a person, a vehicle, or a domestic animal;
- iv. a dog with a known propensity to attack or injure a person without provocation;
- v. a dog owned or harboured primarily, or in part, for the purpose of dog fighting or a dog trained for dog fighting;
- vi. a dangerous dog;
- vii. a dog that has been found to be dangerous or aggressive by the Chief Animal Control Officer or designate under this or a previous bylaw, by another local government or by a court;

**"aggressively pursue or harass"** means to persistently or repeatedly annoy or chase a person, a vehicle, or a domestic animal in what may be perceived as an aggressive manner or with perceived intent to cause injury;

**“altered dog”** means a dog that has been spayed or neutered;

**“Animal Control Officer”** means:

- i. an employee, officer or agent designated by the Board, or peace officers, for purposes of Section 321 of the *Local Government Act, RSBC 2015, Ch. 1 [the “Local Government Act”]* and Section 49 of the *Community Charter, SBC 2003, Ch. 26 [the “Community Charter”]*;
- ii. the Chief Animal Control Officer as defined elsewhere in this bylaw; and
- iii. persons designated as bylaw enforcement officers under S. 415 of the *Local Government Act*; Section 264 of the *Community Charter*; Section 1 of the *Local Government Bylaw Notice Enforcement Act, SBC 2003, Ch 60*; and Section 3(f) *BC Reg. 425/2003 [Community Charter Bylaw Enforcement Ticket Regulation]* for purposes of enforcing regional district bylaws with respect to the regulation of animals.

**“at large”** means an animal that is in a public place or on private property other than the premises of the owner, while not contained or not on a leash under direct and continuous control by a person;

**“Board”** means the Fraser Valley Regional District Board;

**“Chief Animal Control Officer”** means an animal control officer or designate, designated by the Board for purposes of Section 321 of the *Local Government Act* and Section 49 of the *Community Charter*.

**“dangerous dog”** means a dangerous dog as defined in Section 49 of the *Community Charter*;

**“dog”** means any animal of the canine species and, for the purposes of dog licensing pursuant to Sections 1 to 15 of this bylaw, excludes any dog under the age of four months;”

**“enclosure”** means a structure that satisfies each of the following criteria:

- i. is comprised of wire or steel mesh, designed to prevent the entry of a child or the escape of a dog;
- ii. has a secure top attached to all sides of the enclosure;
- iii. is of at least 1.8m in height;
- iv. has a concrete floor, or has sides which are embedded no less than 60cm into the ground;
- v. has a self-closing gate that can be locked;
- vi. forms a confined area with no sides in common with a perimeter fence; and
- vii. meets any necessary requirements for an accessory structure contained within any applicable Municipal or Regional District bylaws or other regulations.

For the purpose of this bylaw, an enclosure also includes a house from which the dog is not able to escape and is not able to cause injury to a person or animal located outside of the house.

**"exotic animal"** means any animal listed in Schedule D of this bylaw, whether bred in the wild or in captivity, and includes any hybrid of such animals with a domesticated species;

**"impound"** means the seizing or capturing of an animal by an Animal Control Officer;"

**"leash"** means a chain, rope, cord or strap by which an animal may be lead or controlled;

**"licence year"** means the period between January 1 and December 31 in any year;

**"livestock"** means cattle and other animals of the bovine species, horses, donkeys, mules, *emus*, llamas, ostrich, swine, sheep or goats;

**"nuisance dog"** means a dog:

- i. that has been impounded 3 times within the previous 24 months;
- ii. for which the owner *of the dog* has been found liable for 3 *or more* tickets *issued by an Animal Control Officer* within the previous 24 months; or
- iii. for which the total number of impounds and tickets for which they have been found liable, totals 3 within the previous 24 months.

**"owner"** means any person:

- i. to whom a licence for a dog has been issued pursuant to this bylaw;
- ii. who owns, is in possession of, or has the care or control of any animal; or
- iii. who harbours, shelters, permits or allows any animal to remain on or about the owner's land or premises;

**"pet"** means any common domesticated animal other than exotic animals, wildlife, livestock or poultry kept within a residence or on real property;

**"poultry"** means any fowl including, but not limited to, a chicken, turkey, duck, goose, swan, pigeon, dove, or peafowl;

**"public place"** includes any highway and any real property owned, held, operated or administered by any level of government or by a school district;

**"Regional District"** means the Fraser Valley Regional District;

**"seize"** includes impound and detain;

**"species individual"** in relation to an exotic animal, means a single live member of the species at any developmental stage;

**"unaltered dog"** means a dog that is not spayed or neutered;

**“unlicensed dog”** means any dog over the age of four months that is not licensed by the Regional District or is not wearing a current valid dog licence tag.

**C. AREA OF APPLICATION**

This bylaw applies only within the boundaries and participating areas of the Fraser Valley Regional District Sub-Regional Animal Control Service Area as established by Bylaw 1140, 2011 as amended.

**D. PETS**

A person must not keep or allow to be kept on any real property more than a total of 5 pets consisting of not more than three dogs or not more than three cats over the age of 4 months, except as permitted pursuant to applicable zoning or other regulations.

**E. DOG LICENSING**

**Dog Licence Required**

1. A person must not keep or allow to be kept on any real property any dog unless a valid dog licence for the current licence year has first been obtained for that dog from the Regional District.
2. Every owner of a dog must make application to the Regional District for a dog licence on the form provided by the Regional District and pay the fee set out in the applicable Schedule A-I or A-II of this bylaw. Upon receipt of the application and payment of the prescribed fee, the Regional District may issue a numbered dog licence tag.
3. Every dog licence issued under this bylaw will expire on the 31<sup>st</sup> day of December in the calendar year in which the licence was issued.
4. Every dog owner must ensure that a valid dog licence tag is displayed on the dog at all times by affixing it to the dog by a collar, harness or other suitable device.
5. Where an owner of a licensed dog has a change of address within the area of application for this bylaw, the owner must, within 30 days, notify the Regional District and pay the licence transfer fee set out in the applicable Schedule A-I or A-II of this bylaw.
6. Where a dog has been duly licensed in another municipality or regional district, that licence will be valid in the area of application for this bylaw upon registration of the dog with the Regional District and payment of the licence transfer fee set out in the applicable Schedule A-I or A-II of this bylaw.
7. Where a dog licence tag is lost, stolen or is otherwise rendered unusable, the dog owner must promptly make application to the Regional District to replace the licence

tag and pay the licence tag replacement fee set out in the applicable Schedule A-I or A-II of this bylaw.

8. A dog licence must not be issued to, or in the name of, any person under the age of 18 years.
9. Every dog licence and corresponding licence tag issued under this bylaw is valid only for the dog and person to which it was issued, as described on the licence application and is not transferable to another dog or person.

### **Dog Licence Fees**

10. Where an owner makes application for a dog licence, the owner must pay the licence fee set out in the applicable Schedule A-I or A-II to this bylaw.
11. The owner of a dog that is not an aggressive dog or a nuisance dog who provides a veterinarian's certificate at the time of application certifying that the dog has been altered may pay the licence fee set out in the applicable Schedule A-I or A-II of this bylaw for altered dogs.
12. When the owner of a dog has the dog altered after licensing, the difference in dog licence fees may be refunded to the owner of the dog, upon request, by submitting a veterinarian's certificate confirming that the dog has been altered. Refunds under this section will only be considered if the request is made before 4 months of the expiration date of the current licence.
13. Dog licence fees may be refunded to a dog owner, upon request, if the dog becomes deceased after licensing, by submitting a veterinarian's certificate confirming that the dog is deceased. Refunds under this section will be prorated and will only be considered if the request is made within 4 months of the expiration date of the current licence.
  - a) A person who becomes liable to pay the licence fee before January 1<sup>st</sup> and does not pay the fee before January 1<sup>st</sup> shall, notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 10 to 13 inclusive, pay a late penalty of an additional 25%.
  - b) If an owner acquires a dog after July 1<sup>st</sup> of the current licence year, the applicable licence fee will be reduced by 50% to a minimum of \$10. This reduction does not apply to aggressive or nuisance dogs.

### **Exemptions**

14. Any owner of a dog used by a government law enforcement agency is exempt from the provisions and licensing requirements of this bylaw.
15. *The licensing fees set out in this bylaw are exempted if one or more of the following conditions apply:*
  - a) *A dog is being used as a certified guide animal pursuant to the Guide Dog and Service Dog Act;*

- b) *A dog is in the temporary care of a non-profit rescue society registered with the Province of BC established for this purpose and as permitted pursuant to local zoning and other regulations.*

## **F. DOG CONTROL**

### **Prohibitions**

**16.** A dog owner must ensure the dog does not howl or bark:

- a) such that the howling or barking unreasonably disturbs persons in the neighbourhood or vicinity for a period of 10 minutes or more; or
- b) such that the howling or barking unreasonably disturbs persons in the neighbourhood or vicinity in an outdoor area between the hours of 8:00 pm and 8:00 am.

**17.** A dog owner must ensure the dog:

- a) is not at large;
- b) does not trespass on private property or within a public area defined by local zoning and other regulations as an area where dogs are not permitted;
- c) is kept under the immediate control of a competent person whenever the dog is on private land and is not sufficiently contained, either by a fence and a gate, an enclosure, or another effective containment mechanism;
- d) excluding designated off-leash areas, is not in a public place unless the dog is kept on a leash not exceeding three metres in length and is under the immediate control of a competent person;
- e) does not attack, bite, or cause injury to a person or domestic animal;
- f) does not aggressively pursue or harass a person, a vehicle, or a domestic animal; or
- g) does not kill a person or domestic animal.

### **Defecation**

**18.** The owner of a dog must ensure the dog does not defecate in a public place or on private property other than property owned or occupied by the dog owner, without immediately removing the excrement and disposing of it in a sanitary manner..

### **Seizure of Dogs**

**19.** An animal control officer may seize any dog that is unlicensed or found at large or on property contrary to Section 17 of this bylaw.

## **Female Dog in Heat**

- 20.** The owner of a female dog must, at all times when that dog is in heat, keep it securely confined indoors or within a building or enclosure capable of preventing the escape of that dog and the entry of other dogs.

## **Aggressive Dogs**

- 21.** Where, in the opinion of an animal control officer, a dog has been involved in an incident in which the dog was an aggressive dog, the animal control officer may submit a written report of the incident to the Chief Animal Control Officer.
- 22.** If, in the opinion of the Chief Animal Control Officer, grounds exist to consider the dog as an aggressive dog under this bylaw, a letter must be sent to the owner of the dog confirming that the Regional District considers the dog to be an aggressive dog and advising the owner of the requirements for confining, identifying and restraining aggressive dogs under this bylaw.
- 23.** Where a dog has been considered aggressive pursuant to Section 22 of this bylaw, the owner of the dog may appeal the classification, in writing, within 30 days to the Chief Animal Control Officer. The Chief Animal Control Officer will review the owner's submissions, the written report of the animal control officer and any other materials deemed relevant and will then determine whether the Regional District will continue to consider the dog an aggressive dog.
- 24.** Every owner of an aggressive dog must:
- a) keep the dog securely confined in an enclosure; or
  - b) ensure the dog is:
    - i. on a leash not exceeding three metres in length;
    - ii. under the immediate care and control of a competent person; and
    - iii. muzzled to prevent it from biting a person or other animal.
  - c) permit the Regional District, for identifying purposes, to implant a microchip into the shoulder/neck area of the aggressive dog and pay the microchip implant fee set out in Schedule C of this bylaw; or
  - d) permit the Regional District, for identifying purposes, to scan a previously implanted microchip on the aggressive dog.
  - e) *provide a photo of the dog to the Regional District within 7 working days of the animal being designated.*
- 25.** Where the owner of an aggressive dog requests that the dog be destroyed, an animal control officer may arrange to have the dog humanely destroyed. In such cases, the owner must sign a form for the release of the dog to the Regional District for the purposes of humane destruction.
- 26.** In addition to the above conditions, a dangerous dog may also be dealt with by the Regional District in accordance with Section 49 of the *Community Charter*.



## **G. ANIMAL CARE**

- 27.** A person must not keep an animal suffering from an infectious or contagious disease on any parcel of land or real property in the area of application of this bylaw unless the animal is kept securely confined within a building or enclosure and is under veterinary care for that disease.
- 28.** A person must not keep any animal in the area of application of this bylaw unless the animal is provided with:
- a) clean, potable drinking water and sufficient food;
  - b) sanitary food and water receptacles;
  - c) the opportunity for periodic exercise sufficient to maintain the animal's good health;
  - d) clean bedding material and an area maintained at a temperature warm and dry enough to prevent the animal from suffering discomfort; and
  - e) the necessary veterinary care when the animal exhibits signs of pain, suffering or disease.
- 29.** A person must not keep any animal outside for extended periods of time unless the animal is provided with shelter capable of protecting the animal from heat, cold, puddles, rain and the direct rays of the sun.
- 30.** A person must not keep any animal confined in an enclosed space, including a motor vehicle, without sufficient ventilation.
- 31.** A person must not keep any animal hitched, tied or fastened to a fixed object where a choke collar or choke chain forms part of the securing apparatus or where a rope or cord is tied directly around the animal's neck.
- 32.** A person must not keep any animal hitched, tied or fastened to a fixed object as the primary means of confinement.
- 33.** Pursuant to applicable zoning or other regulations, a person keeping four or more dogs on a property must not cause or permit:
- a) more than one animal to be kept in a cage or pen unless the cage or pen is of sufficient size and height to permit each animal kept therein to move freely and easily;
  - b) aggressive dogs to be kept with other dogs or animals;
  - c) animals under the age of 4 months to be kept with adult animals other than their dams; and
  - d) animals under treatment for a communicable or infectious disease or suspected of having a communicable or infectious disease to be kept with other animals.

**34.** Pursuant to applicable zoning or other regulations, every person who keeps more than five dogs must include, *for each individual dog*, both an indoor kennel area and an outdoor exercise area as follows:

a) The indoor kennel area must comply with the following requirements:

- i. the building must be equipped with a heating and cooling system capable of maintaining an indoor temperature between 10 and 25 degrees Celcius;
- ii. every cage or pen must be of sufficient size and height to permit each dog to turn about freely, stand, sit and lie in a normal position;
- iii. the building must allow natural light and ventilation to be introduced into the interior of the indoor kennel area by windows, skylights or a combination thereof; and
- iv. the kennel area must be cleaned and sanitized of animal excrement at least once daily.

b) The outdoor exercise area shall be as follows:

- i. attached to the indoor kennel area;
- ii. large enough to allow each dog being kept to break into a trot; and
- iii. fully enclosed by a sturdy fence with a minimum height of 1.8 metres, which is capable of keeping any of the dogs from escaping.

#### **H. LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY**

**35.** A person must ensure that any livestock or poultry or animals typically requiring the presence of an aviary or apiary are not kept on any real property, except as permitted pursuant to all applicable zoning and other regulations.

**36.** An owner of livestock or poultry must ensure the livestock or poultry is not on public land or on the lands or premises of any person other than the owner, without consent of the landowner.

**37.** An animal control officer may seize any livestock or poultry found on public land or on the lands or premises of any person other than the owner, without consent of the landowner.

#### **I. SPECIES INDIVIDUAL AND EXOTIC ANIMALS**

**38.** No person shall possess or keep in any area, temporarily or permanently, any species individual or any exotic animal, except as permitted in Section 41 of this bylaw, or except where permitted under municipal regulation.

- 39.** No person must ensure any species individual or any exotic animal is not at large.
- 40.** An animal control officer may seize any species individual or exotic animal found at large.
- 41.** The prohibition in Section 38 does not apply to:
- a) an authorized animal control shelter;
  - b) premises operated by the BC Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals;
  - c) a veterinary hospital under the control of a veterinarian registered as a member of the College of Veterinarians of British Columbia;
  - d) premises operated by an institution of education for research, study or teaching purposes;
  - e) premises operated by the RCMP or municipal police forces; or
  - f) an aquarium or zoological park operated by an organization accredited by the Canadian Association of Zoos and Aquariums.

**J. IMPOUNDMENT**

- 42.** Where an animal is impounded pursuant to this bylaw:
- a) an animal control officer must make reasonable effort to determine the owner of the animal and to notify the owner by telephone of the impoundment and the procedure to recover the animal;
  - b) an animal control officer must make reasonable effort to contact the owner of a dog if it is wearing a dog licence tag by calling the most recent telephone number in the licence information for the dog;
  - c) if an animal control officer is not able to determine the owner of an animal or contact the owner of an animal by telephone, the animal control officer must post a notice on the public notice board at the Regional District's animal control facility describing the animal and stating the date of impoundment and the impoundment period;
  - d) notwithstanding Section 42 (c), if a dog has no dog licence tag, the animal control officers have no obligation to notify the owner of the dog;
  - e) the Regional District may provide the animal with veterinary care, medication, specialty food, or other treatment required for the reasonable and proper care of the animal, and the Regional District may recover the actual cost of such treatment plus a 15% administrative charge as an extra fee payable by the owner of the animal;
  - f) the owner must recover the animal from the place of impound within 96 hours from the time of impoundment, by giving evidence of ownership of the animal and paying the impound fee, the daily boarding fees, and applicable other fees for the animal as prescribed in Schedule B of this bylaw;

- g) the impoundment fees for an unlicensed dog will be double the fees for a licensed dog as set out in Schedule B of this bylaw, plus the cost of a licence for the dog;
- h) the impoundment fees will increase as prescribed in Schedule B of this bylaw for each impoundment of the same dog in a 24-month period;
- i) regardless of whether a dog is licensed or unlicensed, the impoundment fee for an aggressive dog or a nuisance dog will be the fee set out in Schedule B of this bylaw for aggressive and nuisance dogs;
- j) the Regional District may provide for the adoption or humane destruction of an animal that is not collected by the owner within 96 hours from the time of impoundment.

**43.** Where an impounded animal is adopted out pursuant to this bylaw:

- a) any monies received by the Regional District from the adoption of the animal will be applied against the fees and cost of impounding, boarding and adopting out the animal and any monies remaining unclaimed after 30 days will be credited to the Animal Control General Revenue account of the Regional District;
- b) It shall be the responsibility of the original owner of the animal to claim the proceeds from the sale of the animal, less the fees and cost set out in this section, within 30 days of the adoption of the animal.

**44.** A person must not take, remove or release, or assist in the taking, removing or releasing, of any animal impounded by the Regional District without first obtaining the consent of an animal control officer and paying all fees relating to the impound of the animal.

**Impoundment and Release of Aggressive Dogs**

**45.** The owner of an aggressive dog that has been impounded pursuant to this bylaw, may only reclaim the dog upon application to an animal control officer with the following:

- a) evidence of ownership of the aggressive dog;
- b) payment of fees set out in Schedule B of this bylaw; and
- c) delivery to an animal control officer of an executed statement in the form prescribed from time to time.

**46.** Notwithstanding Section 45, where a dangerous dog is seized pursuant to the *Community Charter*, or where the Regional District is otherwise making application under the *Community Charter* for an order for the destruction of a dangerous dog, an animal control officer may refuse to release the dangerous dog to the owner in accordance with the *Community Charter*.

**K. ADOPTION**

**47.** Every person wishing to adopt an animal from the Regional District's animal control facility must:

- a) make application at the animal control facility on the form prescribed by an animal control officer and pay the fee set out in Schedule C of this bylaw; and
- b) where applicable, license a dog pursuant to this bylaw and pay the prescribed fees set out in the applicable Schedule A-I or A-II of this bylaw.

**48.** Where, in the opinion of an animal control officer, the applicant for an animal adoption is not suitable, or the animal requested is not suitable for the applicant, the officer may refuse to adopt out the animal; and where requested by the applicant, the reason for such refusal will be given in writing.

#### **L. CARCASS REMOVAL**

**49.** Where an owner of a deceased animal requests that an animal control officer remove the carcass of an animal from private property, the owner shall pay the fee set out in Schedule C of this bylaw and pay the actual costs of incinerating the carcass.

#### **M. ENFORCEMENT**

##### **Authority of Animal Control Officer**

**50.** An animal control officer may enter any real property at any reasonable time for the purpose of ascertaining whether the regulations and requirements of this bylaw are being met. Such entry onto property is subject to the *Community Charter* and the *Local Government Act*.

**51.** A person must not obstruct or impede, or refuse or neglect to admit onto any property, an animal control officer in the execution of the officer's duties and powers under this bylaw, the *Community Charter* or the *Local Government Act*.

**52.** All animal control officers are designated animal control officers for the purpose of the *Community Charter* and the *Local Government Act*.

**53.** An animal control officer may require that all persons obtaining a licence for a dog, adopting a dog or retrieving a dog from the animal control facility provide information to the Regional District, by use of a form or otherwise, and may prescribe forms that must be completed for these purposes.

A) The Chief Animal Control Officer may provide for the reduction, waiving or refund of a fee or charge if, as specified in the *Local Government Act*, a person:

- a) has already paid towards the costs to which the fee or charge relates,
- b) does not require the service to which the fee or charge relates,
- c) no longer undertakes the activity or thing for which a licence, permit or approval was required, or
- d) has prepaid towards the costs of the service to which the fee or charge relates and use of the service by the person is discontinued.

**N. OFFENCE AND PENALTY**

- 54. Every person who violates any provision of this bylaw, or who allows or permits any act or thing to be done in violation of any provision of this bylaw or who neglects to or refrains from doing anything required to be done by any provision of this bylaw is guilty of an offence against this bylaw and each day that a violation continues to exist is deemed to be a separate offence against the bylaw.
- 55. Every person who commits an offence against this bylaw shall be liable upon summary conviction to a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00).
- 56. Designated contravention of this bylaw may be enforced pursuant to the current Fraser Valley Regional District Bylaw Offence Notice Enforcement Bylaw, as amended from time to time;

**O. SEVERABILITY**

- 57. If a court of competent jurisdiction holds any portion of this bylaw invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the remaining portions of the bylaw.

**L. READINGS AND ADOPTION**

READ A FIRST TIME THIS	26 <sup>th</sup>	day of	November, 2013
READ A SECOND TIME THIS	26 <sup>th</sup>	day of	November, 2013
READ A THIRD TIME THIS	26 <sup>th</sup>	day of	November, 2013
ADOPTED THIS	26 <sup>th</sup>	day of	November, 2013

**Schedule A-I**

**Dog Licence Fees for the City of Chilliwack, the District of Kent,  
and the Village of Harrison Hot Springs**

<b>Category</b>	<b>Fee<sup>1</sup></b>
Unaltered Dog (each)	\$ 70.00
Altered Dog (each)	\$ 20.00
Nuisance Dog (each)	\$100.00
Aggressive Dog (each)	\$200.00
Licence Transfer	\$5.00
Licence Tag Replacement	\$5.00

NOT FOR LEGAL PURPOSES

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<sup>1</sup> Subject to penalties as described in Section 13A of this Bylaw.

**SCHEDULE A-II**

**Dog Licence Fees for the City of Abbotsford and the District of Mission**

<b>Category</b>	<b>Fee<sup>2</sup></b>
Unaltered Dog (each)	\$ 70.00
Altered Dog (each)	\$ 28.00
Nuisance Dog (each)	\$100.00
Aggressive Dog (each)	\$200.00
Licence Transfer	\$5.00
Licence Tag Replacement	\$5.00

NOT FOR LEGAL PURPOSES

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<sup>2</sup> Subject to penalties as described in Section 13A of this Bylaw.



**SCHEDULE B**

**IMPOUND AND BOARDING FEES**

**A) IMPOUND FEES**

**Fees based on the number of impoundments of the same dog in a 24 month period:**

Licensed Dog – First Impoundment	\$40
Licensed Dog – Second Impoundment	\$80
Licensed Dog – Third Impoundment	\$140
Unlicensed Dogs – as per Section 42 (g) of this bylaw	

**Fees for aggressive and nuisance dogs:**

Aggressive Dog (unaltered)	\$1,000
Aggressive Dog (altered)	\$600
Nuisance Dog	\$500

**Poultry and Livestock**

Poultry	\$40
Livestock	\$100

**B) DAILY BOARDING FEES**

Per animal	
For first part day and first night	\$10
For each subsequent <i>working day or part thereof</i>	\$50

**C) OTHER FEES AND CHARGES**

In all cases, the actual costs of veterinary care, medication, specialty food, contract hauling for large animals, and other extenuating costs incurred by the FVRD, plus a 15% administration fee shall be charged, on top of any fees mentioned in Sections A and B above, for any animal impounded.

**SCHEDULE C**

**MISCELLANEOUS FEES**

Adoption Fees (per dog plus licence fee)	\$250.00
Carcass Removal (plus actual cost of incineration)	\$ 25.00
Microchip Implant	\$ 60.00

NOT FOR LEGAL PURPOSES

**SCHEDULE D - PROHIBITED EXOTIC ANIMALS**

The following list of animals constitutes wild or exotic animals for the purposes of this bylaw. The list includes all such animals of the listed Family or Order (unless specifically identified as an exclusion), whether bred in the wild or in captivity, and also includes all their hybrids with domestic species. The examples provided in the right-hand column are intended to act as examples only and are not to be construed as limiting the generality of the group.

Restricted Taxa	Examples of Animals
1 <i>Non-human Primates</i>	apes, lemurs, gorillas, monkeys
2 <i>Canidae</i>	bush dogs, dingos, raccoon dogs, African wild dogs, coyotes, jackals, foxes, wolves; excludes domestic dogs
3 <i>Felidae</i>	lions, jaguars, cheetah, tigers, cougars, lynx, bobcats, ocelots, servals, leopards; excludes domestic cats
4 <i>Ungulata</i>	camels, hippopotamus, rhinoceros; excludes domestic goats, sheep, pigs, cattle, horses, llamas, alpacas, mules and donkeys
5 <i>Rodentia</i>	beavers, porcupines, squirrels, gophers; excludes domestic hamsters, guinea pigs, chinchillas, <i>gerbils</i> , rats, and mice
6 <i>Edentata</i>	anteaters, armadillos, sloths
7 <i>Mustelidae</i>	badgers, skunks, otters, wolverines, weasels; excludes, de-scented skunks and domestic ferrets, minks, and ermines
8 <i>Chiroptera</i>	bats
9 <i>Ursidae</i>	bears
10 <i>Viverrids</i>	civets, genets, meerkat, mongooses
11 <i>Hyaenidae</i>	hyenas
12 <i>Cetaceans</i>	dolphins, porpoises and whales
13 <i>Proboscidae</i>	elephants, including Asian and African
14 <i>Lagomorpha</i>	hares, pikas, rabbits; excludes domestic rabbits
15 <i>Insectivora</i>	<i>hedgehogs</i> , moles, shrews; excludes African pygmy hedgehogs
16 <i>Marsupialia</i>	kangaroos, wombats, opossums; excludes sugar gliders
17 <i>Strigiformes</i>	owls
18 <i>Crocodylia</i>	alligators, caimans, crocodiles
19 <i>Procyonids</i>	raccoons, coatis, coatimundi
20 <i>Pinnipedia</i>	seals, walrus
21 Other	All venomous or poisonous spiders, scorpions, insects, fish, amphibians, lizards, turtles, snakes and other reptiles.